

No. 24

SECRETARY

THE SAMOAN DISPUTE.

TO BE SETTLED THROUGH A JOINT HIGH COMMISSION.

The United States, British and German Governments Practically Approve of the Plan—King Oscar Empire.

Washington, April 1. — A joint high commission to settle the Samoan trouble has been practically agreed upon by the United States, British and German governments. Lord Salisbury's absence from London alone delays the formal acceptance by Great Britain, though in his absence Sir Thomas Sanderson, and Mr. Villiers, who are understood to be specially familiar with the Samoan question, have approved the plan for a commission. The United States has informally expressed its approval of the formal acceptance, it is learned from the highest quarter, will follow shortly.

As the proposition emanates with Germany, her approval of the commission is felt. This high joint commission is to be the whole of the matter when the Samoan affair begins to look the most threatening.

It is another important provision under consideration is that King Oscar of Norway and Sweden shall be the umpire in case the three high joint commissioners should fail to reach a determination.

Mass of Rock Falls.

Norfolk, N. Y., April 1. — This morning about five o'clock a great mass of rock, estimated to weigh over 100,000 tons, fell from the cliff on the south side of the Battery Wharf. The rock, which was a great mass of rock, fell from the cliff on the south side of the Battery Wharf. The rock, which was a great mass of rock, fell from the cliff on the south side of the Battery Wharf.

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CONDENSED NEWS.

The Nova Scotia legislature was prorogued.

Mr. Oschman, M. P., was married in Ottawa.

Mrs. Malone and son, of Montreal, were killed by a C. P. R. express.

The Portage in Prairie River limits by law was quashed by the courts.

Then, Fort St. John, where the B. C. house, was married in Vancouver.

Foreign military attaches have been sent to the Philippines to observe the fighting.

The results of the Manitoba and Winnipeg normal school examinations have been announced.

A U. S. revenue cutter has gone to Siberia to secure remainder to carry mail to Alaska.

A million bushel elevator will be erected at Montreal in connection with the Intercolonial railway.

Joe Reed, a 22-year-old colored man, was executed in Kansas City for the murder of Mrs. Baker.

J. M. Riley, of Campbellville, Ont., dropped dead while on his way to a Sunday School convention.

D. J. Tallant, has been appointed an immigration inspector in western Canada by the U. S. government.

E. Bates, a 60-year-old man, of Harpersville, Mo., for the murder of his wife and two little daughters.

William Washburn, returned to New York, but states he is a resident of Great Britain and a foreigner.

U. S. troops entered Mexico, the seat of the insurgent government. The rebels burned the city and fled north.

Gunmen attacked three Germans in the interior of China and many of the former were killed. The Germans escaped.

A Paris dispatch states that a plot has been hatched in Copenhagen to remove the ear of Russia from his throne.

Ex-Governor Casswell, of New Zealand, was charged of malfeasance in office by Commissioner Gifford's investigation.

Chas. Foley was sentenced in Winnipeg to the penitentiary for five years for stealing the contents of trunks left in his charge.

Constables arrested at Elko, B. C., an Italian and his companion, who murdered Terrance Ryan at Cranbrook, B. C., a few days ago.

A deportation of Portage Plains farmers waited on the local government in regard to railway extension northeast of their town.

Only Canadian and U. S. newspapers will be sold by subscription if recalled for all from other countries are in the dead letter office.

The annual meeting of the C. W. A. was held in Toronto. The action of it there resulted in Robinson, president, and Prescott, vice-president.

The pleasure of the C. W. A. of the Chicago race track went on the rocks and was lost. 102 out of 148 managers were absent. The race was won by a horse named 42, of whom were lost.

The Ottawa call was in session all yesterday. A motion picture in the city was shown and an order is being passed for liquor in each.

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday, March 28.

The debate on the address in reply to the speech from the throne was continued Tuesday afternoon. The hon. member for Portage la Prie, Mr. Foran, endorsed the statement that the former advocates of free trade had become protectionists. He did not blame the government as this was the only safe policy for Canada. He was for the maintenance of an independent senate as a safeguard against legislation. He welcomed the people who had come to the province, but it was a question whether large expenditure and methods were in the best interests. The school question was still unsettled, but the minority had the best of the policy of building a railway with a view of opening the country was a good one. He wished to see the order of the day passed in French.

Mr. Norrie endorsed Lord Aberdeen's record. With the operation the cry of loyalty seemed to be a dead issue. The reaction of the tariff was more than it appeared to be, but he was not satisfied with the tariff on agricultural implements. In England had been one-half century to bring about free trade. A well-defined railway policy had been defined. The senate were retarding the progress of the railway. The hon. member for Portage la Prie, Mr. Foran, said that 11,000 British immigrants came out not one word was said. Under the late government policy, the hon. member for Portage la Prie, Mr. Foran, said that 11,000 British immigrants came out not one word was said. Under the late government policy, the hon. member for Portage la Prie, Mr. Foran, said that 11,000 British immigrants came out not one word was said.

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NEWS FROM OTTAWA.

The Brockville vacancy—Editor Morrison.

Ottawa, March 29.—Mr. Davis, M.P., Saskatchewan, has returned from Brockville where he was assisting at the Liberal convention to select a candidate for the coming year in place of Mr. Wood, deceased. Mr. Davis says that Mr. Constable, the choice of the convention, will be certain of election. Mr. Wood's popularity was what kept the constituency Conservative.

LEFT FOR NEW YORK.

A number of members of parliament took advantage of the cheap trip to New York yesterday, and on their return to the Easter holidays there. Mr. McInnes, M. P., is among the number.

MORRISON HEAVILY FINED.

The Morrison-Whitson fight was settled in the police court this morning. The trial lasted over two hours and a number of witnesses were examined. The first charge against Mr. Morrison, editor of the "Citizen," was that of aggravated assault against Mr. Whitson, editor of the " Tribune." The charge of aggravated assault was reduced to common assault and Morrison on this charge was fined \$20 and costs. The next charge against Morrison was for libel, which was also reduced to common assault and Morrison on this charge was fined \$20 and costs for the same. The charges were brought by Mr. Whitson, who was aided by H. R. Bathhouse, manager of the "Tribune." Morrison was fined \$20 and costs for the same. The charges were brought by Mr. Whitson, who was aided by H. R. Bathhouse, manager of the "Tribune." Morrison was fined \$20 and costs for the same.

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AN OLD MAN'S DARLING.

BY MRS. ALEX. MCV. MILLER.

CHAPTER III.

Mr. Arnold and his family, consisting only of his wife and step-daughter, Edith Herbert, were in their places at the table before Bannell came floating in a vision of rosy, innocent loveliness. If she had been beautiful in her pale blue dress, she would have been so now in her soft white robe of India muslin, with those trimmings of rich valence lace. A pale blue sash was knotted about her slender waist, and clusters of fragrant blue violets looped back her long golden curls. A golden chain and a cross studded with pearls was clasped about her white neck, though she scarcely needed such adornment. Her beauty was a crown in itself.

She came in a little shy, and blushing very much, for she expected to see her lover, and she glanced under her long lashes along the length of the table as she took her place, expecting to meet his adoring gaze.

He was not there.

The young girl scarcely knew what to think. She glanced at her uncle as if to enlighten herself.

He was not looking at her indeed, he seemed to avoid her glance purposely, and a moody frown was fixed upon his brow. How much surprised her a cold, unmeaning stare, and Edith Herbert's large blue eyes dilated as she looked at Bannell as if with gratified malice.

These two ladies, mother and daughter, deserve more than a passing mention at our hands. We will bring her to the table. Mrs. Arnold was a well-looking brunette of about thirty-five, but would have been rather handsome, but for a settled expression of peevishness and discontent that rested upon her features. She was elaborately dressed in a soft summer suit of silvery gray, trimmed in black lace, and wore very rich cameo jewelry.

Miss Herbert was a younger and handsomer copy of her mother. She was tall and well-favored, with quite regular features, large black eyes, and silky tresses of black hair. She was about twenty-five years old, and was becomingly dressed in a thin black gown, with richly trimmed with satin of the color of old gold. Her ornaments were necklaces, large black eyes, and silky tresses of black hair. She was about twenty-five years old, and was becomingly dressed in a thin black gown, with richly trimmed with satin of the color of old gold.

"Bannell," he said, when the dinner which had been discussed in most of his mind, was over, "come with me to the library. I have something to say to you."

Bannell looked her arm fondly in his and passed out together.

Miss Herbert looked at her mother, and a glance of great significance passed between them, the expression of discontent on the elder lady's features now deepening to positive anger and hatred.

"Yes," she said, as if answering her daughter's look, "and now what he has to say to the little witch."

Miss Herbert arose and passed out of the room with soft, subdued footfalls.

Mr. Arnold paced the floor restlessly, clenching his white hands angrily.

"My clever, beautiful Edith," he murmured. "How my husband's eyes and ignores her to lavish his whole affection upon that little hateful, yellow-haired child! After all my scheming to get him to leave Edith, and at last to divide his fortune between her and a lowly artist's child, this evening to that young artist's child that he would make his heiress, and Edith she will have nothing but what I can give her out of my portion which he will make as small as possible in order to enrich his child. It is too bad, too bad! Something must be done to induce him to change his mind. I wish she would elope with Leslie Dane. That would induce him to leave her forever."

The entrance of the servants to clear the table interrupted her. She left the room with its glitter of lights and glass, silver and flowers, and hurried away to her own luxurious apartments to nurse her wrath and jealousy in solitude.

She hated Bannell Vere, she hated her husband. He had married her twenty years ago when she had pined herself out upon him as a widow of high rank and small means, while in reality she was a vulgar, greedy, grasping adventuress, having but one pure feeling in her heart, and that her blind, unobscured love for her spoiled and wayward little daughter.

Phoebe Arnold had discovered the cheat game of her long ago, and though too proud to proclaim the secret to the world, the love he had felt for his handsome wife had changed into quiet contentment that stung her more than the loudest rebukings. For Phoebe Arnold was such a woman, so simple and vindictive as a woman, he simply hated, and no bandage of persuasion could induce him to see the anything upon her, though the object of his wife's passion for herself and Phoebe.

We will pause in our contemplation of the ambitious woman's rage, and follow

Bannell and her uncle to the large well-lighted, and elegant library.

"Phoebe," he said, going up to him as he sank into his easy chair, and laying her hand caressingly on his cheek, "are you not well? You seem so strange, you do not smile on you as the girl as usual."

He was silent a moment as if struggling for words in which to express his grievance, then he broke out impulsively:

"I am sick, little one, sick at heart. I have received a dreadful blow this evening—one that fairly stunned me!"

"Dear uncle," said she, with innocent unconsciousness, "what was it that dared to wound you so?"

"Bannell," it was Leslie Dane, the poor young artist, whom I have patronized this summer because I pitied him. Darling, he had the audacious impudence to ask me for this little hand!"

He lifted it from his shoulder, where it rested, and pressed it to his lips. But Bannell caught it away and started back from his side, her cheeks glowing white and her blue eyes dilating.

"What did you say to him?" she inquired, breathlessly.

"I told him he was a worthless fortune-hunter, and I drove him forth with scorn and contempt," said the millionaire betty.

"You did you did!" she cried, horror and incredulity struggling in her voice and face. "You insulted him thus? Why, Leslie, I love him!"

In these concluding words there was at once a protest and a defence. It was as if she had felt and said that her love should have been a sufficient shield and protection for him if it came around so far from her.

"Do not nonsense!" said Arnold, trying a light tone of raillery; "you are but a child, Bannell, you do not know what love means. Do you think I would suffer you to throw yourself away on that worthless fellow?"

"He is not worthless," she cried out warmly. "He is noble, good and true, and I love him dearly. But, Leslie, I love him!"

She said, suddenly, changing her indignant tone to one of gentle entreaty, "Sincerely you are only jealous and fear your little girl, and I beg you not to use such dreadful language against her, for you insult the man whom I love with my whole heart, and whom I shall one day marry."

"Never, never!" he shouted loudly. "God you have been too long and indulgent until you are silly enough to cry for the moon and expect me to pluck it from heaven for you! But I will save you from your folly this time. I will never permit you to marry Leslie Dane!"

She sank into a chair helplessly, and looked at him with staring, trembling lips, and with wild, astonished blue eyes. He saw how shocked and incensed she was, and, altering his tone, began to explain and argue with her.

"My darling, Leslie Dane is no match for my little girl. He is poor and has nothing to recommend him but a handsome face, and a little talent for dabbling with paints and pencils, while you are a really and an heiress, and can best her anything. I have much more will and it is there in my desk this moment. In it I have left you everything except one-third of my property, which my widow will legally inherit. Surely my generosity merits the one-third I return I ask of you."

She looked up at him as he offered his easy chair, and shook her head gravely.

"You have been very kind to me in ways, uncle, I never knew you could be kind until now. I thank you for your kind intention, but I will not give up Leslie for such a world bribe. Keep your money, and I will keep my love!"

"I am not giving you the choice, girl," he answered, angrily. "I intend you to have the money whether you want it or not, and I have already said that you shall never marry Leslie Dane!"

"And I say that I will marry him! I love him better than any one else on earth, and I will marry him if I receive it ever hour of my after life."

So saying she rushed from the room and passing only to catch up a dark skirt and wrap it about her, she sped down the gravelled walk on her way to seek her lover.

She passed outside the gate, and crouching down, peered anxiously back to see if she was followed. The moon was up, shining brilliantly over everything. She saw her uncle come out on the piazza and drop into his favorite seat. Then the fragrance of a clear night breeze came from the garden. Bannell looked on down the gravelled walk. Leslie Dane was waiting for her, peering the sands impatiently in the soft moonlight.

(To be continued.)

Running Trains.

A man may tell you why. How the treasury should run. He will tell you why. And to him it is a mystery. Yet it causes him to hurry.

And exerts his utmost skill. To be ready for the sudden. And to pay his grocer's bill.

A man can alter wisdom on the Philippines after. He can tell what the questions. And the commodities are. He can tell what the questions. And the commodities are.

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CONDENSED NEWS.

claim pending in Atlin is on the increase.

Chief Hughes will resign his position in Victoria.

The European anarchist conference is a total failure.

Timothy M. Laffey, railway contractor, Winnipeg, is dead.

A local option by-law was defeated in Carman by 6 votes.

Chief Macdonald will be highly honored by the French nation.

Mr. Constable was elected as the Liberal candidate in Brockville.

The annual meeting of the Grand Fork railway was held in London.

S. B. Armour, head of the Armour Packing Co., Kansas City, is dead.

The Manitoba grand lodge of Good Templars elected officers and adjourned.

An inquiry into the loss of the Allan liner steamer, Acadia, began at Halifax.

Secretary of state John Sherman, having arrived at his home in Washington.

A fire at Hartford, Conn., did \$180,000 damage to business houses and a factory.

The result of the seal catch in Newfoundland waters is the largest on record.

United States and France are arranging a reciprocity tariff of mutual advantage.

Fifty people were drowned by the explosion of a Mississippi steamer, near Tyler, Mo.

The worst blizzards of the season raged at Montreal, Cleveland and in New York cities.

U. S. Senator Fairbanks, of the joint high commission, will visit the Alaskan boundary line.

J. McLean, an employee of a Washington mine, was killed by a piece by an explosion of dynamite.

Dr. Geo. Elliott, Winnipeg, returned from the United States, an interesting account of the district.

Socialists in the Mexican chamber of deputies created a wild uproar and caused a riot in the streets.

The minister of militia, Ottawa, said the removal of the Winnipeg Dragoons to no eastern city is probable.

"San MacLaren" was in a railway wreck Tuesday night, near Leavenworth, Kan.

"Big-legged" Brown was convicted of murder at his trial in London, and was sentenced to be hanged May 17th.

Mr. Whitney, leader of the revolution in the Ontario house, was seen with a watch and chain by his followers.

The United States has prepared a motion picture on the Alaskan boundary, which awaits the approval of Canada.

Joe Kerr threatened the life of H. M. McHenry, a lawyer, and was tempted to pull a revolver upon the latter.

Soldiers high mass over the remains of Bishop Duggan, of Chicago, was celebrated by Archbishop Freeman and 150 priests.

Capt. Barrett and the first officer of the Castilian, the Alton liner were killed by a bomb, were censured by the court of inquiry.

Representatives of the Cuban army have arrived in Washington to ask the government to have money sent to Cuba for an increased \$2,000,000.

The British and American cruisers are met in San Francisco, owing to attacks on the consulates by the rebel forces.

P. W. Jones, assistant to Manager White of the C. P. R., Wind, resigned his position and is leaving for Boston.

Mr. McMillen brought on the question of the unpaid wreath sent to the funeral of late Sir John Thompson by his colleagues.

W. K. Vanderbilt presented his son, W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., with valuable securities, worth \$100,000, as a gift with his son, Mrs. Virginia Fair, shortly.

In the case, Pongson vs. the Dominion Press, the court ruled in a costume of the trial, which was refused.

Rev. Dr. Fulton, of the Methodist college, Montreal, was resigned.

Dr. Douglas, Eastern Assiniboia, introduced two bills, one to regulate the mining industry, and the other to regulate securities for seat grain producers in Manitoba and the Territories.

The Winnipeg grain exchange will petition the government to have grain from Manitoba and the Territories sweetened at half price and warehoused in eastern elevators on that condition.

The U. S. troops have driven the Philippines beyond

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

Gaily Conscience.

Miss Petersen—Oh, turn, I would so much to hear you tell again about my friend Ludwig presented you with a decoration when you were a mere little shaver, and—
The Baron Barbossa—A little shaver? I did not learn my trade until—(recalling himself)—oh, yes—I did not learn a trade at all—Harris Life.

A PLEASANT MEDICINE.—There are some pills which have no other purpose than to beget trouble in the stomach by irritating the lining membrane, and thus diminishing them. One might as well swallow some corrosive material. Parke's Vegetable Pills have no such disagreeable and injurious property. They are easy to take, are not unpleasant to the taste, and the action is so mild and so strong. A trial of them will prove this. They offer per se to the appetite.

The Obvious.

In the meanwhile there had come among them another the purpose of whose thought it was to eliminate the easter from the obvious.

"In hard times," mused this person, "the people full of nothing but the money question."
"Well, it is then they have no money to speak of," retorted the unconcerned intellect, thus revealing his identity.—*Detroit Journal*

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Hickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs, colds, and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children.

Apparently They Are High Ideals.

"Does one ever find himself able to live up to his ideals?"
"I know I could if I had the price."—*Indianapolis Journal*

asked Minard's Liniment and take no other.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in the paper. The firm has placed in the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills, which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at the per cent of 5 for 1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Stiff.

Customer (rubbing his stiffened fingers).—Where? How is the price of coal this weather?

Dealer's New Boy (with a stiff upper lip).—Purty stiff.

Customer (blowing stiffly).—Heh! Stiff, eh? How's the coal?

New Boy (stiffening up).—Well, as it's been layin' outside in all this frost and snow, the coal's pretty stiff, too.—*New York Weekly*

Important to Cyclists and Lacrosse Boys.

Mr. Mack White, the well-known trainer of the Toronto Lacrosse Club and Captain of the Toronto Club, writes: "I consider Griffith's Nerve Pain Liniment unequalled for aches or those training have used it with the best success, and can heartily recommend it for stiffness, soreness, sprains and all forms of swelling and inflammation. All druggists, etc."

Discretion.



First Boy (in distance).—Say, Jim, dere's de kid we come down to lick.
Second Boy. —Well, let's wait; dere's no hurry.—*New York Journal*

Minard's Liniment is sold by druggists.

Odd, isn't it?

Bill.—There's a strange thing about a horse when you come to think of it.
Jill.—What is it?
"Why, he can fall asleep while standing up?"—*You're Statistman*

No Time For It.

Brown.—Do you ever suffer from ennui?
Jones.—Oh, no. I have dyspepsia.—*Nuggets*

HOW TO GET STRONG.

Nature Should Be Assisted to Throw off the Poisons That Accumulate in the System During the Winter Months.

Thousands of people not really ill require a tonic at this season. Close confinement in badly ventilated houses, damp and cold rooms during the winter months makes people feel depressed, languid and "out of sorts."

Nature must be assisted in throwing off the poison that has accumulated in the system during these months, else people fall an easy prey to disease. A tonic is needed and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is the greatest tonic medicine in the world. These pills make rich, red blood; strengthen tired nerves, and make dull, listless men, women and children feel bright, active and strong.

Mr. John Siddons, London, Ont., says: "I can speak most favorably of the virtue of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They prove invaluable in strengthening and toning up the system when debilitated. Having used them for some time past, I can speak most favorably of their beneficial results. As an invigorator of the constitution they are an integral part of the system."

But you must get the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Imitations never cured anyone, and there are numerous pink colored imitations against which the public is cautioned. The genuine are sold only in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." If your dealer does not keep them send to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed post paid at 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50.

Equally Cutting.

"Your voice," said the commanding officer, "is decidedly rasping."
"Yes, sir," said the subordinate, touching his hat. "I have been out roughing it with a file of soldiers all morning."—*Chicago Tribune*

DIFFERENCES OF OPINION regarding the popular internal and external remedy, DR. THOMAS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE, is a well-known fact. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for jaundice, rheumatism, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

Not a Sportsman.

The other day a man of Holland, armed with a shotgun, was pursuing a poor lame quail, which had been limping leisurely along, about ten yards ahead.

"Why, Wildgeander," called out the farmer, who was watching the proceedings, "you're never going to shoot that darned little chicken walking."

"Dinner and blitzen need! I no shoots him yet he walk. I wait until he zhips," said the Dutchman, and he did too.—*Tacoma Ledger*

Minard's Liniment the camoflake's friend.

Out of His Role.

"Tact shonny Mr. Sampson acted real cheerful last night."

"Did you like him?"
"No, he looked so unnatural and silly that I was glad when he got gloomy again."—*Detroit Free Press*

JUBILEE BRAND BUILDING PAPER.

Plans and Tarred. It costs less than most other papers, but it is the toughest and strongest. It is the best in the world. Complete it with a choice of colors. Write for free samples.

MERRICK, ANDERSON & CO., WINNIPEG

Take

B.B.B.

This Spring.

Very few people escape the enervating influence of spring weather.

There is a dullness, drowsiness and inaptitude for work on account of the whole system being clogged up with impurities accumulated during the winter months.

The liver is sluggish, the bowels inclined to be constipated, the blood impure, and the entire organism is in need of a thorough cleansing.

Of all "Spring Medicines," Burdock Blood Bitters is the best.

It stimulates the sluggish liver to activity, improves the appetite, acts on the bowels and kidneys, purifies and enriches the blood, removes all poisonous products, and imparts new life and vigor to those whose are weak and debilitated.

7 Big Mr. Wm. J. Hepburn writes from Centralia, Ont.: "I can sincerely say that Burdock Blood Bitters is the best spring medicine on the market. Last spring my blood got out of order, and I had seven or eight good sized boils come out on my body, and the one on my leg was much larger than an egg. I got a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and inside of six days, when only half the bottle was taken, there wasn't a boil to be seen. I have recommended B.B.B. to different people in our village, and all derived benefit from it. I wish B.B.B. every success, as it is indeed a great medicine for the blood."

B.B.B. is a highly concentrated vegetable compound—teaspoonful doses—add water yourself.

After the Banquet.

Brown.—It was a gorge us scene!
Jones.—Yes, they did gorge, didn't they?—*Pink Me Up*

Gentlemen.—While driving down a very steep hill last August my horse stumbled and fell, cutting himself fearfully about the head and body. I used MINARD'S LINIMENT freely on him and in a few days he was as well as ever. J. B. A. BEAUCHEMIN
Shortbrooke.

In a letter to a friend in Milan Verdi intimates that the four sacred compositions that he made known about six months ago contained the first that he felt was within him to compose, and that nothing further was to be expected from his pen.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

INCALCULABLE GOOD,

AN EXPRESSION OF FAITH.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills have done me an incalculable amount of good. I think they are the best, surest and quickest acting cure for nervousness, unhealthily action of the liver, insomnia or sleeplessness, anemia or impoverished blood, loss of appetite, general debility and ill-health. For nine years, before I commenced taking Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills, my heart was weak and in an unhealthy state. Its action was so much impaired that I could not walk across the street without suffering great distress, my heart fluttering and beating so rapidly that I could scarcely breathe, causing faintness, loss of strength, and leaving my nerves all unstrung. My sleep was very much disturbed. I had no appetite and there was little strength or vitality in my blood; I was always excessively nervous.

I have now taken three boxes of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills and since taking them I have not been away from my business an hour. Before taking these pills it was a frequent occurrence for me to be away from business. As a result of taking Dr. Ward's Pills my heart is perfectly healthy and strong and gives me no distress or trouble whatever. They removed all nerve trouble, made my nerves strong and gave me healthy sleep. These pills also made my blood rich and strong and gave me a healthy appetite. Dr. Ward's Pills have given me perfect health, restoring my lost strength; in place of continual ill-health, weakness, heart trouble and nervousness. In justice I cannot speak too highly of this wonderful medicine. Signed, Miss N. Milward, Walnut St., Port Hope, Ont.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are sold at 50c per box, 5 boxes for \$2.00 at druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by THE DOCTOR WARD CO. Limited, 71 Victoria Street, Toronto. Book of information free.

Cold Sympathy.

Friend—Hello, old man! What's the matter?
Faded Youth—Just proposed to a girl, been refused. Think I shall blow my brains out!

Friend—Congratulations, old chap! Gilded Youth—What do you mean?
Friend—Don't know, you had any?—*Punch*

Contradictory.

Man.—Your wife likes very strong tea.
Woman.—Yes, that's one of her weak points.—*London Standard*

"When buying, why not get the best?"

Stephens' PAINTS

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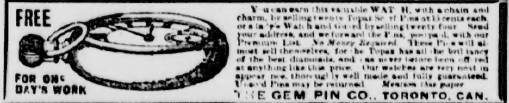
For Inside and Outside House Painting, Floors, Walls, Ceilings, Roofs.

Sample cards showing sixty artistic shades of PAINTS, STAINS AND ENAMELS, to be had from "UP-TO-DATE" Hardware dealers between the Great Lakes and Pacific Ocean.

Manufactured by G. F. STEPHENS & CO., WINNIPEG.

REPUBLIC MINING STOCKS.

I invite the intending purchaser to write for "Republic Mining Camp" a copy of my recent publication, entitled "A Little Effort of Mine Dealing with one of the richest gold producing areas in the world. I am exceptionally well informed as to progress of events at the public, and I can post any enquirer and advise any intending purchaser. At present I can recommend Lone Line, Battle and Boston, Princess, Wand, Reinder and Jubilo. E. GARTLY PARKER, Mining Broker, 42 Adelaide St. E., Toronto.



BABY'S OWN SOAP

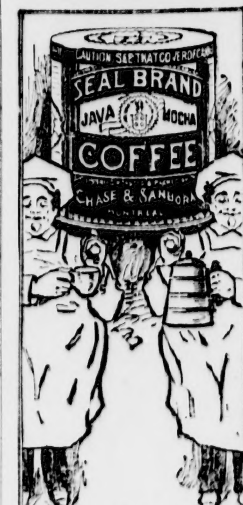
I Must have the genuine, The imitations look very nice, but they hurt my delicate SKIN.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP COV.

NATIONAL POWDERED PHOSPHATE THE BEST FERTILIZER KNOWN

RESUSCITATES worn out Lands, IMPROVES Good Lands and makes the Best Lands BETTER. IMPROVES the QUALITY of the Crop and Increases the QUANTITY.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY DISTRICT IN CANADA. NATIONAL FARMERS' CO'Y, TORONTO, ONT.



10c 25c 40c

If you are prowled u'll pay 40c.
If you are meen u'll pay 10c.
If you are sencibul u'll pay 25c. for a lb. package of

White Star Baking Powder

Because it's PURE and of the BEST QUALITY.

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WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
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Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice. Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., WINNIPEG.

THE PROGRESS,

A weekly paper devoted to local and general news. Published every Thursday morning by

ROSCOE E. LAW.

THURSDAY, April 6, 1899.

TERRITORIAL SPEAKER.

Almost up to the moment of opening the Legislative Assembly at Regina, the question as to who was to be speaker was kept secret, but on Monday it was announced that Mr. W. Eakin, M. L. A. for Saskatchewan, would receive the appointment. Mr. Eakin has acted as deputy speaker on several occasions, and has proved himself capable of filling the position satisfactorily. The choice is a popular one.

Read councillor Jones' letter re statute labor in this issue. Let there be a discussion as to its merits and demerits in the columns of THE PROGRESS. The council is open to reasonable suggestions for a workable plan, but needless fault-finding benefits no one. A reform is necessary and instead of obstruction tactics a hearty effort to find the best feasible plan should be made and assistance given the council to perform their arduous duties. We hope to give a full account of Councillor Doodittle's proposed by-law in next issue.

A RAILWAY COMMISSION.

Mr. Rutherford, M. P. for Macdonald, Man., has given notice that he will call the attention of Parliament to the necessity of an effective commission for the regulation of rates and other matters relating to railways. The right of public control over railways is not in theory denied. A railway is not a private enterprise. It owes its existence to statutory law, and it could not even acquire its right of way without calling in the aid of special legislation. In addition to this nearly all of our Canadian railways are bonded, some very heavily, by the Federal and Local Governments and municipalities, so that public control is sanctioned not only by law but by fair play and common sense. The Legislatures granted very large powers to the railways for public purposes, and it is their right and duty to see that those purposes are fulfilled. The principle is embodied in the law defining the powers of the Railway Commission of the Prizy Council. Discriminating rates for or against particular persons and companies are forbidden, and discrimination between localities is allowed only where it may be justified by competition by water or rail, and all tolls are subject to revision by the Governor-General in Council.

The usefulness of a commission would of course depend upon the manner in which the law is framed. The commissioners should be men of ability and high standing in the community, they should be armed with ample powers, and should feel that they can rely on the support of Parliament and the Government.

Vernon Views.

From our own correspondent.

The crows are flying about. Mr. A. G. Miles has purchased a fine mare from Johnston & Creamer. Mr. J. S. Matlock returned home last week and is looking well.

The "occasional correspondent" reported news that was two or three weeks old.

We are glad to hear that Mrs. Langston is getting better. Mr. V. H. Hadden is putting a new roof on his out granary to keep the grain in it.

Quite a number attended the Easter services in town, both morning and evening.

Both hay and straw is getting

The farmers are busy fanning their wheat for seed, and getting ready for spring.

Mr. Barber, of Ottawa, was in our settlement on Monday to get his team of horses from Mr. A. T. Whiting who has been feeding the team during the winter. We join in wishing him and his family good success in their new country.

Miss Cooper, who has for the past year been with Mrs. Hill of McLean, returned home on Sunday.

Mr. A. Mathison, of the Massey Harris Co., paid us a flying visit on Monday.

Balgownie.

Monthly report of Balgownie school. Names in order of merit: Standard IV, A. M. Cockwill, Julia Cockwill, Beatrice Hawkes, Willie Fisher. Standard III, E. Fisher, Eva James, John Cockwill, Geo. Hawkes. Standard II, May Agar, Mabel Fisher, Rose Abbott, Stella Agar, Lily Hawkes.

The school was badly broken up during the month, owing to illness among the scholars.

Sunny South.

From our own correspondent.

We are sorry to report the death of the youngest daughter of Mr. J. Good of this place. Deceased was suffering from inflammation of the lungs. Also the death of Mr. J. Pollock's child.

Miss E. Gibson, of Qu'Appelle, started her duties as teacher of Sunny South school on the 4th. The gophers are out.

Poplar Plains.

From our special correspondent.

A public meeting was held on Tuesday, March 28th in the Poplar Plains school house to consider the proposed change in the statute labor law. Almost every ratepayer in the district was present, and the opinion was generally expressed that the system under which the work has been done during the last two or three years was quite satisfactory, and that with the present needs of the country, it is much more important to keep up a good system of free guards than to concentrate the work on a few militia roads, which would be very little used for years to come. The opinion was also expressed that the proposed change would cause a large increase of expenditure for which there is no justification. It was also considered that the purchase of a new grader is an unnecessary expense. A motion was put and carried unanimously: "That in the opinion of this meeting the system under which the statute labor has been done during the last two or three years is quite satisfactory, and that this meeting petitions the council to make no change."

AN OLD WEATHER TABLE.

DEAR SIR:—There are many persons who consider the table has nothing to do with an old weather table, which are never very wrong, with probably noticed some of your own remarks. It was constructed upon philosophical principles by Dr. Henshaw, being the result of many years' actual observation, and will show what kind of weather will most probably follow the entrance of the moon into any of her quarters.

Yours truly,

J. H. Henshaw.

Qu'Appelle Station, Assa.			
WEATHER TABLE.			
	In Summer	In Winter	
At 12 noon	very rainy	snow and rain	
At 11 between			
2 and 4, after	cloudy	fair and mild	
4 and 6, evening	fair	fair	
6 and 8, do	fair	fair & frosty	
8 and 10, do	rainy if S. or (rainy if S. N. W. (C or S. W.		
10 " 12, night	fair	fair and frosty	
12 " 2, morning	fair	frost, unless wind S. S. W.	
2 and 4, do	cal, showery, snow, storm		
4 " 6, do	rain	snow	
6 " 8, do	wind and rain stormy		
8 " 10, do	showery	rain or snow	
10 and 12, do	showery	cal, windy	

I. H. BARNES. PRACTICAL SHOEMAKER.

Fine Sewed Work specially Repaired. Neatly and promptly executed.

Stand—second door north of the

The Creamery—its Value to the Farmer.

example, a fifty-pound tub of butter at twenty cents per pound is worth \$10, or equal to the value of twenty bushels of wheat at fifty cents per bushel. Now, compare the freight on a tub of butter with that on twenty bushels of wheat, and see how much more of the real value of the produce is left in the hands of the man who produces the butter.

Co-operation is essential to establish success in almost every commercial enterprise which has for its object the promotion of the general welfare of the people. Wherever we see a community working for the common good and to the same end, we may rest assured that success is bound to be the result of their labors. We in this country should encourage co-operation, and we are doing it, wherever we introduce mixed farming. One branch of agriculture will aid another. For instance, the man who raises grain and also goes in for dairying is not only helping himself financially by doing so, but he is improving his farm. He is introducing a branch of agriculture that always does its share in keeping up the fertility of the soil. It is a well-known fact that when a farmer sells from his farm such products as grain or hay, that he will remove more or less of the materials of fertility from the soil, while with dairying, practically all the fertility remains on the farm. We have here a country of great possibilities so far as the production of milk and cream and the manufacture of butter and cheese are concerned. The cool nights are an invaluable aid to both the dairyman and the factoryman in the handling of milk. Native grasses in abundance are found in those parts of the country, which are being devoted to dairying; besides, we have a climate and soil well adapted to growing fodder. With these natural advantages, there is no reason why this country will not establish for itself in the foreign market an excellent name for its butter and cheese, as well as for its No. 1 wheat. I believe we can produce as good a quality of butter here as can be produced anywhere in the world.

We have not yet reached the point of perfection, but we can say that butter from Western creameries has stood the test side by side with some of the best Danish, and when placed on the English market has sold within two or three shillings per cent. of the price brought by the latter.

The people of the Territories deserve credit for the manner in which they have taken hold of the dairy industry and are trying to build it up. To show what progress creameries have made during the last few years, I take from the report of Prof. Robertson, Dairy Commissioner, the following figures:

Year.	Number of Creameries.	Value of Product.	Value of Butter.
1894	1,045	\$1,623,457	\$1,623,457
1895	1,192	\$2,419,000	\$2,419,000
1896	1,361	\$3,127,653	\$3,127,653
1897	1,507	\$4,250,000	\$4,250,000

Of late years the price of butter (taking it on the whole throughout the country) has been decreasing, while that of creamery remains about the same. You ask why it is? While we produce just enough of a certain article to supply our local markets, we generally receive a fair price for that article; but as soon as there is a surplus, then we see the effects of competition. So it is with dairy butter. If that

Saunders & Parker,

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLE, J. QU'APPELLE ST.

Daily Stage to Ft. Qu'Appelle

FIRST CLASS RIGS AND HORSES. Riding and Driving HORSES & MULES

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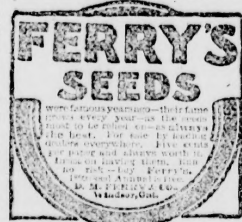
Second Hand Rigs and Harness For Sale.

J. E. ROBINSON, Contractor & Builder

Estimates given and all work promptly attended to.

Undertaking

In all its branches carefully attended to.



We Pay

Special attention to mail orders.

Try us if you want anything in

Drugs & Stationery

We have just received our new

WALL PAPER.

They will surely please you.

A. G. Orchard

INDIAN HEAD.

shipped by of good quality we receive a fair price; if of an inferior quality, it becomes a drag on the market. Throughout the Territories a large amount of dairy butter is being made, and the most of it is sold at prices which cannot possibly yield a profit to the makers, if they take into account any value for their time and labor in producing the goods for the market. The butter may be of good quality when it is first made, but owing to the inadequate facilities which most farmers and merchants have for handling dairy products, it commences to deteriorate in quality and is soon "off flavor." When butter handled in this manner is placed on the market it is, as a rule, in bad condition; and commission men simply have to take what they can get for it. Now where creameries are established, all this will be changed. The butter made will be of uniform quality, and with the cold storage and shipping facilities which we now have, it is quite possible for us to place our products on the large markets in a condition almost as fresh as when taken from the churn. We do not advocate the creamery as an aid to the farmer simply for the returns one would get from the butter. There are other sources of revenue which will yield to larger profits. "The increase of stock" is probably the most important. Where a farmer has a herd of cows it will pay him to use a hand separator. He can then feed the skim milk warm and sweet, and this with a little dry meal or grain makes a splendid food for calves after they are three weeks old.

What we ask for is co-operation between the creamerymen and their patrons. Where all are working to insure the success of the dairy industry, the result will undoubtedly be beneficial to the people and the country.

Canadian HORSES

Mr. Creamer has been making a careful selection of the best Canadian horses to be procured in the east. The result is two expert carolers of these horses on the 18th of February. If you want good horses you may call on being suited by calling on us.

Before long we also expect to get in a new lot of

HEIFERS & BULLS, Johnston & Creamer

Feed and sale Stables, QU'APPELLE STATION.

NOTICE to CREDITORS

In the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territory, Judicial District of Western Assa.

In the matter of the estate of Martin W. (deceased), Pursuant to the order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Robertson, dated the twenty-second day of February A.D. 1899.

Take notice that each creditor of the estate is required to send in, to the undersigned, on or before the fourth day of April 1899, a claim against the said estate, together with the statement of security, if any, and by him.

Dated at Regina this third day of February 1899.

Norman MacKenzie, Public Administrator, Regina N.W.T.

A. MOLLINGSMAID,

House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging

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ALL WORK PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

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Fresh Groceries, Fruits, etc., arriving every week.

Try our famous Tea and Coffee. Powder. Satisfactory exchange for coupons. Native Herbs.

Mrs. E. Ambler.

WM. JOHNSTON.

Headquarters for

Hardware,

Cutlery

STOVES

and everything in the Tool and Ornament line.

Call and see my new lot of

Lanterns

Nothing to beat in the market.

THE Regina Standard

Will be sent to new subscribers until JANUARY, 1900, for

50 Cents

THE STANDARD makes a specialty of Legislative Assembly Reports and also gives a good summary of proceedings in the Federal Parliament. A weekly London Letter and other new features have just been added. Let a neighbor to join you and not the Standard for two subscriptions to the end of the year. If this is not convenient send a P.O. order or an Express order for your own paper and then keep in touch with events at the Territorial Capital. Address to this at once as sets get our Assembly Reports from the beginning. THE STANDARD is independent always but never neutral. J. K. MCINTOSH, Editor and Publisher.

WESTERN WEEDS

Extracts from a Bulletin Compiled by Prof. Saunders, of the Central Experimental Farm.

Dangerous Weeds Common to the Northwest and How, When and Where They Grow.

Pepper Grass.

This plant is a native annual or winter annual. As a rule it is not very troublesome in crops; but under certain climatic conditions it becomes an enemy of no small importance. During 1896 no weed was more frequently sent in as a pest in wheat lands, and at meetings of farmers held during the same summer in Manitoba, this weed above all others was the one inquired about. At similar meetings in 1897 it was only mentioned once, viz., at Glen-

many other parts of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. The cow cockle grows from seed every year, and forms a rather elegant plant, from one to two feet high, much branched and bearing in July, a great many and pretty pink flowers about half an inch across; these are followed by roundish capsules contained in the five-angled enlarged calyxes. The seeds are round, hard and black, slightly roughened on the surface, a character by which they can be easily distinguished from the



Pepper Grass.

Russian Thistle.

lino, Man. Pepper grass is a slender herb, 12 to 18 inches high, which develops into the shape of a miniature tree with a central stem and large spreading head. It produces an enormous quantity of very small reddish seeds, two of each in the small flat pods which are borne thickly all along the branches. This plant is generally most troublesome after wet springs on dry or light land, occasionally a serious pest in Manitoba and much complained of by farmers in wet springs, particularly in wheat sown on stubble. Although generally described as an annual, pepper grass is much more of a biennial in habit. Fall and spring ploughing or cultivating will destroy those autumn germinated plants which are the ones most likely to do harm in wheat crops.

seeds of the wild vetches, which are of about the same size.

Russian Thistle.

So much attention has been drawn to this plant by the Manitoba department of agriculture since its discovery in Manitoba, that the farmers of that province should be well informed as to its appearance and characteristics. Although occasional specimens of the Russian Thistle have been found in Ontario, there is little probability of its ever becoming a menace to agriculturists except in a country where the plant can blow long distances in winter. In Manitoba and the Northwest Territories the farmers as a rule are now exceedingly wide awake as to the danger of neglecting noxious weeds and it is very unlikely that this weed will be allowed to propagate and spread.



Cow Cockle.

The cow cockle is also called Cow herb and China cockle. It is an annual plant which has been introduced into Manitoba from Southern Europe. It has spread with rather alarming rapidity throughout the southern portions of the province, and has been detected in

now that its dangerous capabilities have been made known.

WEEDS OF THE WEST.

A list of Canadian weeds common in Manitoba and the Territories.

Buttercup Family.

White Anemone or Pennsylvania Anemone, *Anemone. Richardsonii*, perennial, 12 inches high; flowers June to August; seeds July to September; propagation, seeds and rootstocks; found in low meadows and hay. To eradicate, plough up and follow with hoe crop.

Fumitory Family.

Golden Fumitory; *Corydalis Aeneo*; biennial, 6 to 12 inches high; flowers in June, seeds in June and July; propagated by seed; found in wheat fields. To eradicate, summer fallow and cultivate fall and spring.

Mustard Family.

Henry Tower Mustard; *Arabis Hirsuta*; biennial, 1 to 2 feet high; flowers June and July, seeds July and August; propagated by seed; found in grain fields and summer fallows. To eradicate, plough fall and spring, hand-pull before seeds ripen.

Western Wallflower or Prairie Rocket; *Erysimum Asperum*; biennial, 6 to 12 inches high; flowers June and July, seeds July and August; propagated with other seeds; found in summer fallows. To eradicate, do as in preceding case.

Small flowered Wallflower; *Erysimum parviflorum*; biennial or perennial, 12 to 18 inches high; flowers June and July, seeds July and August; propagated by seeds; found in summer fallows. To eradicate, do as in preceding case.

Hare's Ear Mustard; *Conringia den-tata*; annual, 1 to 2½ feet high; flowers June and July, seeds July and August; propagated by seed; found in grain fields. To eradicate, hand-pull and summer fallow.

Cut-leaved Tansy Mustard; *Sisymbrium laciniatum*; annual and biennial; flowers June, seeds July, propagated by seeds; found in grain fields and summer fallow. To eradicate, hand-pull and summer fallow.

Crowded Tansy Mustard; *Sisymbrium incanum*, var., *Hartwegianum*, Watson, native; biennial ½ ft. high; flowers in June; seeds in July; propagated by seeds; found in grain fields and summer fallows. Often seen on sod roofs in the west; to eradicate, hand-pull, summer fallow, hoe crops.

Tansy Mustard; *Sisymbrium canescens*, Nutt, native; annual, 12 inches high; flowers in June; seeds in July; propagated by seeds; found in grain fields and summer fallows, often seen on sod roofs in the west; to eradicate, hand-pull, summer fallow, hoe crops.

Tumbling Mustard; *Sisymbrium altissimum*, L. (S. *sinapistrum*, Crantz) Europe; annual and winter annual ½ foot high; flowers June to July; seeds July to August; propagated by seeds and wind; found in grain fields; to eradicate, hand-pull, summer fallow, hoe crops.

Bird Rape; *Brassica campestris*, L. Europe; annual, 1½ feet high; flowers June to September; seeds July to September; propagated by seeds, in grain; found in grain fields; to eradicate hand-pull, summer fallow, hoe crops.

False Flax, gold or pleasure; *Camelina sativa*, Crantz, Europe; annual and winter annual, ½ ft. high; flowers June to July; seeds July to September; propagated by seeds, in grain, flax and clover seed; found in grain wheat, flax and clover fields; to eradicate sow spring grain.

Ball mustard, *Neesia paniculata* (L.) Desv., Europe; annual and winter annual, ½ ft. high; flowers June and July; seeds July and September; propagated by seeds in grain; found in grain fields. To eradicate, pull, summer fallow, hoe crops.

Stink Weed, Penny Cross, "French Weed," *Thlaspi arvense*, L. Europe; annual and winter annual, 1 to 2 feet high; flowers May and October; seeds June and October; propagated by seeds; found in grain fields, waste places. To eradicate, mow and burn mature plants, thorough cultivation.

Pepperglass, *Lepidium apetalum*, Willd. (Equal L. *intermedium*, Gray), native; annual and winter annual 1 to 2 feet high; flowers May and October, seeds June and October; propagated by seeds; found in grain fields, after a wet spring. To eradicate, plough or cultivate fall and spring.

Caper Family.

Spider Flower, *Cleome integrifolia*, L., native; annual, 1½ feet high; flowers July and August; seeds August; propagated by seeds, carried by birds; found in grain fields and low spots. To eradicate, pull, cultivate.

Pink Family.

Cow Cockle, *Saponaria Vaccaria*, L. Europe; annual, 2 feet high; flowers July and August; seeds August and September; propagated by seeds in grain; found in grain fields. To eradicate, pull, cultivate.

Sleepy Catchfly, *Silene antirrhina*, L., native; annual, ½ foot high; flowers June and September; seeds July and September; propagated by seeds; found in grain fields, summer fallow. To eradicate, summer fallow.

Mallow Family.

Field Chickweed, *Cerastium Arvense*, L., native; perennial, 6 inches high; flowers May and July; seeds July and August; propagated by seeds; found in fields, summer fallows. To eradicate, summer fallow, cultivate.

Poa Family.

Wild Ligonree, *Glycerhiza lapidifolia*, Nutt, native; Manitoba, N.W.T.; perennial, 2½ ft.; flowers in July; seeds from August to September; propagated by seeds, pods attached to stock, in hay; found in summer fallows, pastures; wool; to eradicate, summer fallow early.

Rose Family.

Prairie rose, *Rosa Arkansana*, Porter, native; Manitoba, N.W.T.; shrub, 3 to 3 ft.; flowers from June to July; seeds from August to September; propagated by seeds, rootstocks; found in summer fallows, grain fields; to eradicate, summer fallow early, barrow, cultivate.

Evening Primrose Family.

White Evening Primrose, *Oenothera alba*, Nutt, native; Manitoba, N.W.T.; perennial, 6 to 4 ft.; flowers in July; seeds from August to September; propagated by seeds and rootstocks; found in grain fields on knolls; to eradicate, summer fallow, cultivate thoroughly.

Honeysuckle Family.

Honeysuckle family — Wolfberry, Western, Snow-berry; *Symphoricarpos occidentalis*, Hook, native; shrub, 2 to 3 feet high; flowers in July; seeds in September; propagated by seeds and running root stocks; found in newly broken land, summer fallows and pastures; to eradicate, break early, summer fallow.

Bedstraw Family.

Northern Bedstraw; *Galium boreale*, L., native; biennial, 12 to 18 inches high; perennial 1 to 2 feet high; flowers in July; seeds in August; propagated by seeds and running root stocks; found in grain fields and pastures; to eradicate, summer fallow, cultivate.

Sunflower Family.

Gumweed; *Grindelia squarrosa*, DuRoi, native; flowers July to August; seeds August to September; propagated by seeds and wind, in hay; found in fields, pastures, road sides; to eradicate, mow, cultivate.

Poverty weed; *Iva axillaris*, Pursh, native; perennial, 6 to 12 inches high; flowers July to August; seeds September; propagated by copious underground creeping stems; found in grain fields; to eradicate, summer fallow, cultivate constantly.

False ragweed, Turkey foot, marsh elder; *Iva xanthifolia*, Nutt, native; annual, 1 to 4 feet; flowers August to September; seeds September to October; propagated by seeds, winds and floods; found in grain crops.

Great ragweed, crown weed, river weed; *Ambrosia trifida*, L., native; annual, 1 to 4 feet; flowers July to September; seeds in August to November; propagated by seeds in grain, wind, floods; found in rich land, grain fields; wheat; to eradicate, pull, mow, burn old plants.

Perennial Ragweed, *Ambrosia palustris*, Nutt, native; perennial, 1 to 2 feet high; flowers July and September; seeds, August and November; propagated by seeds, running rootstocks; found in rich cultivated land, all crops; to eradicate, summer fallow early, cultivate deep.

Wild Sunflower, *Helianthus rigidus*, Desf., native; perennial, 1 to 3 feet high; flowers July and August; seeds August and September; propagated by seeds, running rootstocks; found in new breaking grain fields. To eradicate, summer fallow early, cultivate.

Wild Sunflower, *H. Maximiliani*, Schrad., native; perennial, 1 to 4 feet high; flowers July and August; seeds August and September; propagated by seeds, running rootstocks; found in new breaking grain fields. To eradicate, summer fallow early, cultivate.

Wild Sunflower, *H. Nuttallii*, T. & G., native; perennial, 1 to 4 feet high; flowers July and August; seeds August and September; propagated by seeds, running rootstocks; found in new breaking grain fields. To eradicate, summer fallow early, cultivate.

Succoweed, *Helianthus autumnalis*, L., native; perennial, 1 to 3 feet high; flowers August and September; seeds September and October; propagated by seeds, rootstocks; found in low spots in fields, hay. To eradicate, drain, spud, break up soil, cultivate.

Pasture Sage, western mugwort, *Artemisia ludoviciana*, Nutt., native; perennial, 1 to 2 feet high; flowers July and August; seeds August and September; propagated by seeds, running rootstocks; found in pastures, summer fallows, hay. To eradicate, break up soil, summer fallow.

Sweet Sage, *Artemisia fragida*, Willd., native; perennial, 12 to 18 inches high; flowers July and August; seeds August and September; propagated by seeds, running rootstocks; found in pastures, summer fallows, hay. To eradicate, break up soil, summer fallow.

False Tansy, biennial worm weed, carpeting, *Artemisia biennis*, Willd., native; biennial and annual, 1 to 5 feet high; flowers July and August; seeds August and September; propagated by seeds, floods; found in grain fields, particularly on stubble, hay, market value of land. To eradicate, plough fall and spring, summer fallow.

Canadian Thistle *Cirsium arvense*, Hoffm., Europe; general, perennial, 5 feet high; flowers June to August; seeds July to September; propagated by seeds, wind found in fields, grain

pastures, all crops. To eradicate, mow in July and September and cultivate frequently.

Western bullthistle, prairie thistle, *Cirsium undulatum*, gray, native; prairie provinces; perennial, 3 feet high; flowers July and August; seeds July and August; propagated by seeds, wind found on road sides, summer fallows. To eradicate, summer fallow.

Skeleton weed, *Lygodesmia juncea*, Don., native; prairie provinces; perennial, 12 inches high; flowers July and August; seeds July and August; propagated by seeds, running rootstocks; found in grain fields. To eradicate, summer fallow, cultivate.

Blue lettuce, showy lettuce, *Lactuca pulchella*, D.C., native; prairie provinces; perennial, 1 to 2½ feet high; flowers July and August; seeds July and September; propagated by seeds, deep-running rootstocks; found in grain fields, especially on slightly alkaline lands. To eradicate, plough deep, cultivate.

Primrose Family.

Sea milkwort, *Glaux maritima*, L., native; prairie provinces; perennial, 6 inches high; flowers June; seeds July; propagated by seeds, rootstocks; found in meadows, wet fields, on alkaline lands. To eradicate, summer fallow, cultivate.

Convolvulus Family.

Morning glory, bracted bind weed; *Convolvulus sepium*, N. Br., native; perennial climber; flowers from June to September; seeds from August to September; propagated by seeds, running rootstocks; found in fields. To eradicate, cultivate frequently.

Clover dodder, devil's gut; *Cuscuta epithymum*, Mart., Europe; annual climber; flowers from June to November; seeds from July to November; propagated by seeds, in clover and alfalfa seed; found in clover and alfalfa fields. To eradicate, use clean seed, mow patches before seeds ripen.

[To be continued next week.]

PARLIAMENTARY NERVOUSNESS.

Some Very Good Stories of Well-Known Public Men in England.

It is a curious fact that the House of Commons has a number of members who are usually advised to discharge the duty of moving the address to the Queen on a nervousness, says The London Mail, and it is seldom that the hon. gentlemen are disappointed. The case of a young Irishman who got up to speak one night in 1879 provoked a storm of laughter. He was unable to utter a single word.

For a quarter of an hour he stood on his feet, and although he indulged in a great deal of gesticulation not a sound seemed to issue from his lips. The words "He uttered" was in such an extreme condition of nervousness that, while thinking he was addressing the House, he was in reality talking to himself!

There is one more point, said a well-known member, who had been speaking for some time in a despatch in 1894, but which the point was he had almost forgotten, and he candidly told the House as he sat down.

A similar misfortune once befell the late Lord Kimberley when, as Sir Charles Northcote, he was making a vigorous attack on the Gladstonian Government of the day. At the close of his speech he said, "Before I sit down, there is one more charge against the Prime Minister, and it is the most serious."

Then he stopped short, and was visibly perturbed, for he had forgotten what the charge was. Twice again did he repeat what he had said, but the point would not come back to his mind, and he had to retire to his seat.

Speeches in support of the address, or in fact, any other speeches, are not allowed to be read in Parliament, but Sir William Harcourt, John Morley and Sir Charles Dilke always used to commit their intended utterances to paper, as did likewise the late Lord Kimberley.

The Marquis of Dufferin has stated that, when asked by Lord Kimberley to move the address to the throne in the House of Lords on the re-opening of Parliament after Prince Albert's death, he deemed it advisable to sit down and write out every word of his speech. Then he carefully committed it to memory, and was thus enabled to deliver an oration of an hour and a half's duration without recourse to his manuscript.

One of the most successful speeches ever made in support of the address in reply to the Queen's speech, was that of Lord Rosebery, as recorded in the House of Lords on Feb. 9, 1871. It was also his maiden effort, and evoked the warmest congratulations of the leaders of both parties in the British Chamber.

A certain member of one of the benches went down to the House intent on delivering a great oration, but he lost his manuscript somewhere within the precincts of the House. He was picked up by another member of one of the benches, who, seeing an opportunity for a good practical joke, forthwith conveyed his unexpected "find" to Sir Thomas Wyle. The latter gentleman at once sought the seclusion of the committee room, where he diligently applied himself to the task of learning the speech by heart.

The accomplished he returned to the House, and watched for an opportunity of taking part in the debate. The canon came at length, and the "stolen" orator began to recite through the chamber, to the great delight of a number of members who had been his into the secret.

The original owner of the speech, was baffled at first, but when he saw the oration proceed he came to realize that his own well-learned and facile tongue had been captured and a most original specimen of mimicry, indignation and sarcasm that the government of the House was completely taken by surprise.

LOCAL NEWS

At Bailey's.
Your choice of 50 pieces of print at 10c. per yd. Color guaranteed fast.

Creamery Association.

A meeting of the South Qu'Appelle Creamery Association has been called for the 15th inst. at 2 p.m. in the Town Hall. A full attendance is requested.

Horses.

Last Monday Mr. W. McMichael arrived in town with two carloads of fine looking young horses—20 in all. They were in good condition, and were not wanting in life.

Council.

The Council met on Tuesday and transacted a lot of business; but the minutes could not be got in shape for publication this week. They will appear next week.

New Firm.

Mr. J. P. Beauchamp has taken into partnership with him Mr. J. A. Longpre who has been well and favorably known in the district for a number of years. The business will be carried on at the old stand under the firm name of J. P. Beauchamp & Co., where the old patrons and new customers will receive every attention.

Lost.

A black Persian Lamb cuff was lost between Qu'Appelle Station and the Post. The finder will kindly leave the same at the residence of Mrs. J. J. Scott.

Unique Entertainment.

The Grandmother's ten and concert came off on Tuesday evening. A large number sat down to an old fashioned supper of baked beans, scones, pumpkin pie, etc., etc., in abundance, and for a couple of hours kept the Grandmothers busy waiting at table. Such pork and beans well deserve special mention and will live long in the memory of one at least. Following this came the concert with the Rev. S. W. Thompson in the chair, who on this as on other occasions well upheld his reputation as a chairman by garnishing the entertainment by frequent witty remarks as occasion called for. The programme was undoubtedly a success. The recitations of Grandmothers Booth and McLeish, and the song of the "Three Old Maids" deservedly brought down the house. The Quilting Bee gave great amusement. The Grandmothers and Old Maids were enjoying themselves at the expense of the minister's wife, but great was the contention when the Rev. Mr. Morton appeared on the scene and quickly cleared the air of all idle gossiping. Much credit is due to the Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian Church, under whose auspices the affair was given, and to all those who assisted them for providing the evening's entertainment, which was both unique and successful in every way.

S. H. Caswell & Co. are handling the Lake of the Woods Pike & Fish. Car of Pike and Shrimp just arrived.

Supreme Court.

The regular meeting of the Supreme Court was held at Qu'Appelle Station on Tuesday, April 11th, when the following cases were discussed:

Kerr vs. Morrison. Settled out of court.

Woodgate vs. Broley. An action for wages. The defence was that plaintiff hired with defendant for the full period of 8 months, and was to receive no wages until he had fulfilled his agreement. The evidence showed that defendant had admitted a liability for 7 months' wages, and judgment was accordingly given for plaintiff with costs. T. C. Johnstone for plaintiff; A. D. Dickson for defendant.

Coxworth vs. Parker. Action to recover price of certain hogs sold to defendant. Settled out of court. A. D. Dickson for plaintiff.

Rittinger vs. Murphy. Action to recover price of plowing done by plaintiff for defendant. Counter claim by defendant for rent was admitted and judgment reserved on the question of value of plowing. T. C. Johnstone for plaintiff; A. D. Dickson for defendant.

Welsh vs. Welsh. Action to recover the monthly payment agreed on in a deed of separation. Evidence taken and judgment reserved. T. C. Johnstone for plaintiff; defendant in person.

Craig vs. Gray. Settled out of court.

PERSONALS.

D. Brown went north for a few days on Wednesday.

Miss Bell is visiting in town at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lidgate.

Mr. H. Jagger, of Moose Jaw, was in town on business on Tuesday.

We are pleased to see Mr. A. Hollingshead around again. He has been laid up for a week or ten days.

Mr. S. H. Cuswell is able to take "the air" for a short time these fine bright days.

Willie Jones, of Grenfell, was visiting his brother, Mr. Tommie Jones, last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Crowe a former resident of this town is expected to arrive in a few days. This time he will be accompanied by a wife. Some intending settlers from the neighborhood of Smiths Falls, Ontario, will also accompany Mr. Crowe.

Charlie Booth left on Monday night for Whitehead, where he has secured a good position with B. Limoges. Charlie was well liked and will be missed by his many friends. We wish him every success in his new position.

Mr. Moses Whitehead, wife and six children, of Shallow Lake, (near Owen Sound,) arrived in town on Monday. Mr. Whitehead's two oldest boys have been in the country for several years. Last fall Mr. Whitehead visited different parts of our Northwest and was "taken" with Weyburn that he took up land there. For the present, however, he has rented a farm in the direction of Edgeley. He was accompanied by Mr. Alex. Hodge from the same place. Mr. Hodge intends looking around, and, if favorably impressed, will take up land and settle. We welcome them to our midst.

Edgeley Echoes.

From our own correspondent.

A largely attended meeting of ratepayers was held in the hall on Friday last for the purpose of discussing Municipal matters in general and the action lately taken by the council with regard to Statute labor &c in particular. The chairman Mr. J. H. Fraser read to the meeting a number of arguments in favor of the proposed change in the Statute labor by-law furnished to him by councillor Doolittle. Query: Why didn't councillor Doolittle try them himself? After the matter had been fully discussed from all points, the meeting appointed Messrs J. H. Fraser, James Fair and W. C. Cameron as a committee to represent them at the next meeting of council to urge the council to reduce the proposed Statute labor tax from \$1.25 to 75c per day, and that unless the council had already actually purchased a grader that the order for the same be cancelled as in the opinion of the ratepayers there present it was a very unnecessary expenditure, and that in the event of said grader having been purchased that it be not used on the level stretches of prairie or the roads in this district. Unqualified disapproval was also expressed at the tax of \$5.00 per head imposed on horses brought in for sale by others than those residing in the municipality. The meeting then adjourned.

Subscribe for THE PROGRESS.

Municipality of South Qu'Appelle

WANTED.

A MAN who has had experience in running a road grader.

Also, two competent road surveyors.

Applicants for each of the above named positions to be able to devote three months time if required.

Applications will be received up till noon of Monday May 1st, 1909.

Jas. C. Starr

Secretary Treasurer.

HORSES FOR SALE.

MR. W. McMICHAEL will arrive about April 1st with two cars of horses from 1 to 6 years old, weighing from 1400 to 1700 pounds, which are of first class quality and bred from the breeders of Ontario.

Some of them have been purchased out of feed stables, and are therefore more suitable for the requirements of this country.

Those who wish to purchase good, reliable horses, at reasonable prices should call on the proprietor. Visitors always welcome.

AN OPPORTUNITY SPECIAL!



If you will come in and inspect our new goods, your own intelligence will convince you of their merit. We show the finest assortment of the newest dress goods, all in suit lengths.

The choicest Gingham, Prints, and the Latest Pattern in Art Muslins.

Lace Curtains, Bonnets at 50c. per set. Come and see for yourself. No trouble to show goods.

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Cheques and Drafts for all parts of the World Bought and Sold.

Qu'Appelle Station. - - Assn.

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Laundry.

QU'APPELLE STATION.

Orders by stage will be attended to.

White shirts, each	12 1/2
T-shirt	7 1/2
Woolen shirts	7 1/2
Undershirts	7 1/2
Drawers	7 1/2
Handkerchiefs 3 for	10c
Socks, per pair	5c
Collars	3 for 10c

LEE WING.

Next door to Mr. A. McGee's harness shop.

The Progress

One year for \$1.00 in advance; \$1.25 in advance of 6 months; and \$1.50 if not paid till after 6 months.

Summary of the 54th Annual Report of the NEW-YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

JOHN A. McALLAN, President.

New Insurance Paid for in 1898, \$152,032,939. Total Assets, \$215,948,811. Net Gain in Insurance Force, \$67,000,195. Total Paid for Insurance in Force January 1st, 1899, \$914,021,120.

	1897	1898	1899
Total new premiums and annuities	\$6,320,845	\$7,788,595	\$1,041,000
Recessed premiums	\$9,311,115	\$7,911,542	\$1,010,000
Interest, costs, etc.	\$8,912,121	\$9,219,449	\$977,449
Total income	\$24,544,081	\$24,919,586	\$3,028,449
Disbursements	\$14,992,589	\$13,398,974	\$1,330,179
Dividends and other payments to policyholders	\$5,756,516	\$6,126,587	\$777,121
Loans to policyholders during the year 1898, at 5 per cent. interest	\$3,772,297	\$4,015,514	\$33,717
Total in policyholders	\$22,521,402	\$23,541,075	\$2,141,017
Surplus	\$2,022,679	\$2,151,811	\$1,887,432
Insurance in Force January 1, 1899	\$77,938,928	\$11,211,125	\$7,100,000
Total number of policies in force	802,908	879,994	49,000
Surplus	\$33,372,661	\$2,808,606	\$2,141,017
Additional policy reserve voluntarily set aside by the Company		\$6,114,234	
Surplus reserve funds voluntarily set aside by the Company		\$6,229,319	
Other funds for all other contingencies			\$4,508,178

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

3. No policy or sum of insurance is included in the Company's report for 1898, as new issue or otherwise, except where the 1898 renewal premium therefor, as provided by the contract, has been paid to the Company in cash.

4. The rate of interest on the total amount of admitted invested assets was 4.84 per cent., which is higher than that of 1897.

5. The ratio of expenses to premium income decreased during the year.

6. During the year the Company placed over \$17,000,000 upon new insurance than it did in 1897.

The New York Life Insurance Company is composed of over 200,000 policyholders who ARE the Company, who OWN the Company and who ALONE receive the PROFITS of the Company.

Including assurance will do well examining the new Matchless Accumulation Policy of the New York Life, with Maximum Guaranteed, before placing their assurance elsewhere. For further particulars see our District Manager, Mr. Jas. H. Boyce. This is the strongest Life Insurance Company in the world.

T. A cash dividend declared for 1898 amount to \$2,913,658. This is larger sum than that of 1897. The Company being a first class one, every dollar of this large sum will be drawn to the policyholders themselves during the year 1899. In 1898 the Company distributed to its policyholders in dividends a larger sum than did any other American Life Insurance Company in that year.

Prints, Gingham, Shirtings, Flannelettes, Dress Goods. Boots and Shoes.

Gents' Furnishings.

Positively at Prices Which Defy Competition.

C. T. BAILEY & CO.

TAILORING

Latest Fashions. Perfect Fits. English and Canadian Tweeds, Serges, Panting, Worsted, and Overcoats. Prices Cheap. Good Workmanship. Everybody likes to be dressed well. Leave your order and get a good fit.

J. A. TRUSLER, Main St., Qu'Appelle Station.

GITY MEAT MARKET HEADQUARTERS For Fresh, Salted and Smoked MEATS, POULTRY and FISH

Give us a call. D. BROWN, Qu'Appelle Station.

MacCAUI & HARVEY.

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THE EQUITABLE and LOAN ASSOCIATION, of Toronto, are Offering the Most ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS to Borrowers on HOUSE PROPERTY.

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Always on hand. Fresh and Salt Meats. Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc.

FARMERS

The Highest Cash Price Paid for Good Beef Cattle, Pigs, Sheep, etc.

I am here to STAT. A share of your patronage solicited.

GEO. AMBLER, Main Street, Qu'Appelle Station.